*July* 23, 1777. NUMB. 2526.

# The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

*Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.*

*Lancaſter, July* 17, 1777.

BENJAMIN HARBESON, *from* Philadelphia, NOW carries on the Copperſmith's Buſineſs, at the South-weſt Corner of King and Queen-ſtreets, Lancaſter, where he makes Stills of all Sizes, Fullers, Brewers and Saltpetre Coppers. He has Stills of various Sizes, ready made, for Sale. ¶ 4 W.

WANTED,

A SERVANT WOMAN, who is capable of all kind of houſework, except cooking; ſhe muſt be well recommended for honeſty and ſobriety. Such a perſon as this adverſtiſement may ſuit, would procure good wages, by applying to the printers. July 15. 4 w.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Sixth-day, the firſt of Auguſt next, at the houſe of Benjamin Thomas, the Sign of the Croſs-keys, in Eveſham, Burlington county, in the State of New-Jerſey, for caſh, or eaſy payments, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer,

A TRACT of Pine Land, containing, by computation, near 5000 acres, with ſome fine thrifty cedar ſwamp; a ſaw-mill, with two ſaws, on an excellent ſtream of water; a good dwelling-houſe, ſawyers-houſe, barn, and other out-houſes erected thereon, all in good repair; ſituate part in Glouceſter and part in Burlington county aforeſaid, about two miles from Adſion Iron-works, and ſeven from the forks of Egg-harbour, where lumber is tranſported from ſaid mill by water: Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid mill and land, are deſired to call on Joſeph Pricket, at ſaid mill, and view the ſame. Alſo at the ſame time and place will be ſold, ſeveral good horſes, fit for ſaddle or gears, two 4-horſe waggons, and gears for a ſingle team; one covered waggon and gears, a pair of large oxen, fit to feed or work, very handy being always uſed on the plantation; and 20 or 30,000 feet of good pine boards, at ſaid mill: The vendue to begin at one o'clock, where attendance will be given by JOSIAH FOSTER. ¶

*July* 13, 1777.

VALUABLE FARMS TO BE SOLD.

THE greater part of that highly improved eſtate, commonly called GRÆME PARK, ſituate in the county of Philadelphia, and about 19 miles from the city, late the property of Doctor Thomas Græme, deceaſed (and by him deviſed to his daughter, Elizabeth Græme, now Elizabeth Fergusſon) is to be ſold, in farms of any quantity from 100 acres to 300 acres as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer: A proportionate quantity of arable meadow and timber lands will be allotted to each farm, the proprietor intends only to reſerve the manſion-houſe, offices, &c. with a ſmall portion of lands next adjacent. The arable lands were originally good, and have been greatly improved by manurings and the beſt culture; the meadows produce the beſt kind of hay in great quantities, and they may always be kept in a flouriſhing ſtate, by being watered in the drieſt ſeaſons; and the timber lands are of the beſt quality. A conſiderable quantity of excellent orcharding can be allotted to one or two of the farms. Each of theſe farms, from its ſituation and quality, is calculated both for the amuſement of the man of fortune, and the profit of the induſtrious farmer.---To be ſold for continental money; to ſave trouble, the price will be 20l. per acre; and an indiſputable title given to the purchaſer. For further information, apply to ELIZABETH FERGUSSON, on the premiſes; CHARLES STEDMAN, at Philadelphia; or RICHARD STOCKTON at Morven, near Princeton, New-Jerſey. 4 w.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subſcriber, living near the Head of Elk,

A VALUABLE Plantation, containing about 130 acres of good LAND, ſituate in Peneader Hundred and county of New-Caſtle, between Eſq; Couch's and Major John Aiken's, joining the great road between Chriſtiana Bridge and the Head of Elk, about 5 miles from each of the ſaid two places, and about 3 miles from Newark, on which are two dwelling-houſes, one barn, &c. with a good ſpring of water at each houſe, a good young bearing orchard, a quantity of meadow made, and more of the beſt quality may be made, with a ſufficient quantity of good wood land, for the uſe of the place. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to DAVID BARR, at the place aforeſaid. ‖ 7ſ6.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY from Mary-Ann Furnace, in York county, Pennſylvania, near the Line of Maryland, on the night of the 13th of this inſtant July, two indented ſervant men, viz.

*William Kelly*, an Iriſhman, about 20 years of age, of a ſandy complexion, brown hair, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; talks a little with the brogue: Had on, and took with him, a light coloured homeſpun coat, ſhort made, lined with linen, and an under jacket of the ſame, a pair of tow trowſers, and a pair of check ditto, a good felt hat, good ſhoes, with braſs buckles, a good homeſpun ſhirt, &c.

*Francis Miles*, an Engliſhman, about 20 years of age, of a fair complexion, a good countenance, has dark brown hair, is about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has good learning, and a number of books with him; has a remarkable ſcar under the left ſide of his chin, near his throat: Had on, and took with him, a dark brown broadcloth coat, jacket and breeches, with gilt buttons, a light claret coloured ſurtout, a good fine ſhirt, and a homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, half-worn ſhoes, with braſs buckles.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervants, in any of the Continental goals of the United States, ſhall receive the above reward, or Twenty Dollars for either of them, together with reaſonable charges, if brought home.

‖ 10s. GEO. ROSS, and GEO. EGE.

*Philadelphia, July* 19, 1777.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Commons, near the Barracks, in the Northern Liberties of this city, the 13th inſtant, a red roan MARE, 9 or 10 years old, about 14 hands high, a natural trotter, ſhod before; ſhe had a very ſore back, being hurt by the ſaddle. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to LEWIS GUION, living between Front and Second-ſtreets, oppoſite the Barracks, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges. ‖ 7ſ6.

*CAME to the Middle-Ferry, on Schuylkill, a black MARE, about 14 hands high, and about four years old, ſhod all round. The owner is deſired to prove property, pay charges, and take her away, in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe ſhe will be ſold for the ſame.* WILLIAM HUTCHISON.

¶ 7ſ6. July 22, 1777.

*Weſt-Caln, Cheſter County, July* 15, 1777.

THE following articles were laſt night ſtolen from the ſubſcriber, viz. a brown regimental coat, faced with yellow; two jackets, one white, the other ſtriped with red and white; a pair of buckſkin breeches, almoſt new; a pair of ſhoes; a beaver hat, bound with ſilk ferret; a ſilver hatband, and a ſilver watch. The thief is a deſerter from the Engliſh army, named Henry Mitchell, near 5 feet 10 inches high, about 25 years of age, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, and ſhort black hair, tied behind; he had on him a Regular coat of the Tenth regiment, faced with yellow. Whoever ſecures ſaid clothes and thief, ſhall have Eight Pounds reward, or in proportion for any of the clothes. ‖ 7ſ6. PATRICK SHIELDS.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

*RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Drumore townſhip, Lancaſter county, and State of Pennſylvania, on the 13th of June laſt, an apprentice lad, named JOHN RICE; 17 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has ſandy coloured hair, is much freckled in the face, and has a down look: Had on, when he went away, a wineſtone coloured coat, with pewter buttons, linen ſhirt, and tow trowſers; he has croſſed the river Suſquehanna, and was ſeen near the Maryland line. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid apprentice in any goal in this State, or brings him home, that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* ROBERT KING. ‖ 7ſ6.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, *on or about the night of the firſt of this inſtant July, out of the nailing ſhop of the ſubſcribers, living in Middle-town, St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle county, in the Delaware State, a Parcel of Nailing Tools, of different ſorts and ſizes, eſpecially thoſe for making caſk nails. Taken by a certain John Maxwell, a Nailor by trade, about 5 feet 5 inches high, an Iriſhman born, about 22 years of age, dark brown hair; had on, when he went away, a regimental coat of the ſecond battalion of the Pennſylvanians, in which he ſays he was a Drummer laſt year on the Quebec expedition, a regimental hat, alſo an old red jacket, one white ſhirt, old tow ditto, old ſhoes and ſtockings, and a pair of buckſkin breeches, almoſt new. Whoever takes up ſaid Maxwell, and ſecures him in any goal in this or any neighbouring State, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, or to the ſubſcribers, ſhall have the above reward, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by* THOMAS WITHERSPOON, PATRICK M'GINNIS. ‖ 7ſ6.

Worceſter county, State of Maryland, July 10, 1777.

*RUN away from this county, on Saturday, the 5th of this inſtant, a certain* Elijah Iſaacs, *who for ſome time paſt lived with the ſubſcriber, in the character of an Overſeer; he is a middle-ſized man, wears a brown ſaggathy coat, which is remarkable for having a piece ſet in on one of the ſhoulders; his eyes are very ſmall, hair ſtrait, and ſpeaks remakable quick. There is about £ 1400 in counterfeit Thirty Dollar Bills that was lately taken from one* Solomon Fucitt, *of Suſſex county (who has likewiſe made his eſcape) that is miſſing; which it is ſuppoſed the ſaid* Iſaacs *has taken off with him, as it was locked up in a room in which he ſlept the night before he went off. There went off with him, a certain* Kendall Hyſlop, *who formerly belonged to Captain* Solomon Long's *company, of Maryland Regulars; he has a very red head, and is remarkably homely, which is all the diſcription can be given of him. Iſaacs went off on a ſmall bay Mare, and it is ſuppoſed he has to the amount of Sixty or Seventy Pounds in good money with him. It is ſuppoſed he carried off a holland ruffled ſhirt, marked on the hip with the letters S. B. It is generally imagined he intends for the back parts of Virginia or North-Carolina; it is hoped that all friends to their country, in whoſe way the ſaid* Iſaacs *may happen, will endeavour to ſecure him.*

‖ 7ſ6. SMITH BISHOP.

PENNSYLVANIA, ſs. *July* 16, 1777.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Committee of Aſſembly, appointed to audit and ſettle the Public Accompts, will meet at the State-Houſe, on the firſt Monday in Auguſt next, at Ten o' Clock in the Morning, to attend that Buſineſs, and intend to proceed on the ſame, by Adjournments from Day to Day, until the whole is finiſhed. The Truſtees of the General Loan-Office, the ſeveral County Treaſurers, Collectors of Exciſe, and all others concerned, are therefore deſired to have their reſpective Accompts prepared for Examination and Adjuſtment, at the Time and Place aforeſaid.

*Philadelphia, June* 27, 1777.

THE MANAGERS of the UNITED STATES LOTTERY have the Pleaſure to acquaint the PUBLIC, that the Drawing of the LOTTERY will begin on Monday, the Eleventh of Auguſt next, at the College-Hall in this City, and continue from Day to Day until finiſhed. All Perſons therefore, deſirous of becoming Adventurers, are to be ſpeedy in their Application for TICKETS remaining unſold.

*All the Printers on the Continent are requeſted to inſert the above Advertiſement.*

THE MANAGERS of the UNITED STATES LOTTERY requeſt the Gentlemen who have undertaken the Sale of TICKETS in the States of Pennſylvania and New-Jerſey, to return ſuch TICKETS as may remain unſold, to the OFFICE in Philadelphia, by the Eleventh of Auguſt, the Time fixed for Drawing the Lottery.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all the Male white Inhabitants of Philadelphia County (between the Ages of 18 and 53 Years) who may think themſelves aggrieved by any Thing done in Purſuance of the Militia Law of this State, That, agreeable to the Tenor of ſaid Law, a General COURT of APPEAL will be held by the Lieutenant, Juſtices of the Peace, and Sub-Lieutenants, on Monday, the 28th Inſtant, at 10 o'Clock in the Morning, at the Houſe of JOHN WENTZ, in Whitpain Townſhip. WILLIAM COATS, Lieut. C. C.

*Bucks County, State of Pennſylvania, July* 14, 1777.

NOTICE is hereby given, That, agreeable to a Militia Law of this State, on Monday, the 28th inſt. a General COURT of APPEAL, for the ſaid County will be held at Mr. BENNET's Tavern, in the Townſhip of Buckingham; where any Perſons who may think themſelves aggrieved, in the Execution of any Part of the ſaid Law, may make Application and have Juſtice done them.

JOSEPH KIRKBRIDE, Lieut. C. C.

WANTED to purchaſe any quantity of WOODLAND within five miles from the city. Inquire of LEWIS WEISS, Scrivener, in Second ſtreet. †

TO BE SOLD BY

DELAPLANE and TATEM,

In Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, the ſecond Door below Coomb's-Alley,

A Large and neat Aſſortment of GLASS WARE, amongſt which are Quart, Pint and Half Pint Decanters, Pint and Half Pint Tumblers, Wine Glaſſes of different ſorts, a few Groſs of Phials, &c. &c. &c.

*N. B.* A very neat Eight Day Clock, with a Mahogany Caſe, to be ſold. ¶

PHILADELPHIA.

IN CONGRESS, JULY 16, 1777.

*Reſolved*, That for carrying into execution the reſolve reſpecting Colonel Nichola's corps of INVALIDS, the following PLAN for raiſing one company, be adopted for raiſing the whole of the ſaid corps.

1. That the Director General of the Continental hoſpital be deſired to give directions to the Phyſicians and Surgeons, in the different departments, at a reaſonable diſtance from Philadelphia, that before they diſcharge any ſerjeants, corporals or private men from the hoſpitals as unfit for ſervice, they conſider whether ſuch men are actually, or likely ſoon to be, capable of doing garriſon duty, and if thought ſo, to mention it in the diſcharge, that they may not be intirely diſcharged from the ſervice, but transferred, from the regiment they actually belong, to that of invalids. And that in caſe ſuch men are at a diſtance from their reſpective regiments, the director or ſteward of each hoſpital ſend ſuch men to Philadelphia in the beſt manner circumſtances will admit.

2. That notice be ſent by the Board of War to the Generals commanding the armies, of the raiſing a corps of invalids, and they be deſired to give orders to the officers commanding regiments, that in caſe they have any ſergeants, corporals, drummers or private men deemed incapable of doing field duty, ſuch men ſhould be examined by the Director of the hoſpital, or ſome other Phyſician or Surgeon, and if judged fit for garriſon duty, that they be not diſcharged, but transferred to the invalid corps, and ſent to Philadelphia as ſoon as poſſible. Men having only one leg, or one arm each, if otherwiſe capable of doing garriſon duty, are to be deemed proper recruits for this corps.

3. That the following advertiſement be publiſhed in the ſeveral news papers as ſoon as poſſible, viz.

*War Office, June* 1777.

The Congreſs being deſirous to make proviſion for ſuch men as ſuffer in the military ſervice of the United States, have directed a regiment of invalids to be immediately raiſed for the reception of ſuch as have already been, or may in future be rendered by wounds or diſorders incapable of doing field duty, but are yet fit for garriſon ſervice, notice is hereby given that all perſons in Philadelphia, or within twenty miles round, who are under Continental half-pay, on account of incapacities contracted in the ſervice, muſt, within fifteen days repair to Philadelphia, and ſhew themſelves to Col. Nichola in Front-ſtreet, four doors below the Coffee-houſe, that if judged capable of duty they may be put on full pay. All other perſons, who have ſerved in the armies of the United States, within the above deſcription, though not on half-pay, may preſent themſelves, and if judged capable, they will be immediately received. And all ſuch as are above twenty miles from Philadelphia, muſt apply to the neareſt Continental General, Field Officer, Phyſician or Surgeon, who are deſired to forward ſuch as they judge fit for the corps of invalids. Officers who, from wounds or diſorders contracted in the ſervice, are rendered unfit for field duty, muſt ſignify their pretenſions, with certificates from Continental Phyſicians or ſurgeons to the Board of War. As this corps is intended not only as a proviſion for diſabled officers and ſoldiers, but as a ſchool for propagating military knowledge and diſcipline, no officers need apply but ſuch as produce ample certificates of their having ſerved with reputation, and having ſupported good characters both as citizens and ſoldiers. Officers and ſoldiers who have engaged during the war will be preferred.

*Publiſhed by order of the Board of War,*

RICHARD PETERS, *Secretary.*

The Printers of the ſeveral news papers are deſired to inſert the above in their papers.

*Deſcription of counterfeit Continental Eight Dollar Bills, dated May* 9, 1776. They are done from copper-plate or other engraving; the words in the face of the Bill are crouded together, ſo as ſcarce to leave any ſpace between them; the letters ſtand very irregular, and in ſome lines are ſmaller than others, whereas in the true Bills they are all uniform, with regular ſpaces between the words. The o in No. is much ſmaller than the true ones; in the words *EIGHT*, of the denomination, the top of the T is ſtrait, which ſhould be thus T; in the ſecond line the word Bearer is cloſe to the bottom of the large T, which is not ſo in the genuine Bills; in the Device, the Harp is rather larger, and the letters of the Motto are ſmaller and not ſo well ſhaped as the true ones; in the word MAJORA, the tail of the J turns to the right hand, and looks ſomething like L, and the word CONSONANT reaches no further than the laſt line but one; in the true Bills the NT are below the laſt line. The back is alſo badly imitated, the flowers round it are larger and not like the genuine ones; in the word EIGHT the firſt four letters are cloſe together, and the T ſtands in the middle between them and the word DOLLARS. The paper is ſomething ſmoother and a little whiter than the true Bills, and has ſome ſmall ſpecks of Iſinglaſs; but the whole is ſo badly executed that they may readily be detected.

There are alſo counterfeit Four Dollar Bills, dated February 17, 1776, but ſo baſely done, that, on the leaſt inſpection, no perſon can be deceived by them.

*Publiſhed by order of the Board of Treaſury,*

*July* 12, 1777. JOHN GIBSON, Auditor-General.

D R E D; April 5.

THE Eng[illegible] baſſador having ſolicited an order, [illegible]oblige M[illegible]ee, who is ſaid to be charged here with commiſſion from the Congreſs, to quit the kingdom; anſwer was made him, that his demand was contrary to the law of nations, and that the ſaid Mr. Lee, therefore, ſhould not be diſturbed during his reſidence in Spain.

*Marſeilles, April* 4. The ſix ſhips of war and two frigates, which we had received orders to fit out at this port, are ready to go into the road, and wait only directions from the court for that purpoſe, their artillery and proviſions being already embarked, all excepting the bread and ſtock-fiſh.

L O N D O N, April 10.

When the Cherokee ſailed from New-York, the prices of freſh proviſions were as follow; beef 15d. veal 18d. per pound; turkies 16s. fowls 6s. to 8s. each; milk 1s. per quart; and the price of hay was at 10l. the hundred weight.

*Wedneſday, April* 9. The Earl of Suffolk, after a ſhort introductory ſpeech, delivered the following meſſage, which was read by the Lord Chancellor.

" *GEORGE* R.

" It gives his Majeſty much concern to find himſelf obliged to acquaint this Houſe with the difficulties he labours under, by reaſon of debts incurred by the expences of his houſhold, and of his civil government; which being computed on the 5th day of January laſt, do amount to more than 600,000l. His Majeſty relying on the loyal and affectionate attachment of this Houſe to his perſon and government, which he has experienced on ſo many occaſions, doubts not of their readineſs to concur in enabling him to diſcharge this debt; and for making ſome further proviſion for the better ſupport of his Majeſty's houſhold and dignity of the Crown. G. R."

The Earl of Suffolk then preſented to the Houſe copies of all the accounts reſpecting the civil liſt, and the titles thereof were read by the clerk. His Lordſhip then moved, " That his Majeſty's meſſage be taken into conſideration on that day ſe'nnight, and the Houſe ſummoned," which was put and agreed to.

Before the news arrived of Lord Pigot's impriſonment, adminiſtration had determined to take into their own hands the territorial acquiſitions in the Eaſt Indies. It has been repreſented to the King, that every day's experience convinces the whole world how utterly incompetent a company of merchants are for the government of an empire larger than France; that his Majeſty ought to take it into his hands, which will give him a prodigious patronage, and the abſolute command of an army of 60,000 men. Advice which is milk, honey, and balm to royal ears. But no one can ſay that the court of directors have not deſerved it.

*April* 14. Dignam's information to Lord Suffolk, of a pretended conſpiracy againſt the King's life was, that his Majeſty was to have been killed with a wind-gun, on his return from Kew to Buckingham-houſe.

Letters from New-York, dated March 4, mention, that the weather had been ſo ſevere for ſome time paſt, that the troops on both ſides were unable to keep the field; that the greateſt diſcord and want of diſcipline prevailed in the rebel army, which had been exceeding ſickly, and was ſo ill provided with ſurgeons, that Waſhington would not exchange any of the gentlemen of the faculty who had fallen into his hands.

There are now on the North-American ſervice, upwards of eighty ſail of men of war (great and ſmall) on board of which are about 15,000 ſeamen.

It is now acknowledged by the warmeſt advocates in the cauſe of America, that Philadelphia will be in the hands of the royal army by the middle of May; the rebels, regularly embodied, not conſiſting of above 13,000 effective men, badly diſciplined, and worſe provided; whereas the troops under General Howe will amount to 27,000, accompanied by a formidable train of artillery.

Very large orders are now executing in town for New-York, to the amount of 50,000l. among five houſes only.

*April* 15. On Thurſday the Lords with white ſtaves waited on his Majeſty at St. James's, with the addreſs voted by the Houſe of Peers on Wedneſday, in anſwer to his Majeſty's Meſſage relative to the debt of the civil liſt. To which addreſs his Majedy made a moſt gracious anſwer.

The Houſe of Commons, in a Committee of Supply, on Wedneſday, came to the following reſolution.

Reſolved, that there be granted £618,340 9 6d. to to his Majeſty, to diſcharge his debts and arrears due and owing upon the civil liſt on the 5th of January laſt; and

That for the better ſupply of his Majeſty's houſhold, and for the honour and dignity of the Crown, there be granted to his Majeſty, during his life, out of the aggregate fund, the clear yearly ſum of 100,000l. to commence from the 5th of January, over and above the 800,000l. ſettled on his Majeſty, by act of Parliament, on his acceſſion to the throne.

*April* 28. The laſt diſpatches from Sir Baſil Keith, brought advice that four more men of war of the line, and three frigates, were arrived at the Havannah from Old Spain; and that the whole force in that harbour at preſent is 11 ſail of the line, from 66 to 80 guns, 7 frigates, 3 fire ſhips and 4 xebecs. They have alſo 7000 of the beſt troops of Spain there, and a numerous ſtaff of general officers; theſe advices have given infinite anxiety to adminiſtration.

In the diviſion of the Heſſian troops now on their paſſage for New-York, are two companies of rifle-men.

The preſent ſummer, it is whiſpered, will be diſtinguiſhed more for negotiation than war. The firſt ſtep, after taking poſſeſſion of Philadelphia, will be a ſuſpenſion of arms, and an *appeal* to the wiſdom and juſtice of the Parliament of Great-Britain.

Adminiſtration are called upon, as men valuing their characters, not to *amuſe* us longer with tales relative to the *pacific* diſpoſition of the Court of Verſailles, if they do not firſt explain to the public the true reaſons which prevented the march of the 20,000 Ruſſians, and their conſequent embarkation for America, to aſſiſt in the reduction of that country.

*Extract of a letter from Paris, April* 22.

" The arrival of the Emperor here on Saturday laſt, at this critical juncture, however indifferent a matter it may ſeem in the eyes of the generality, appears to the thinking part of mankind an event portending conſequences juſtly alarming to Great-Britain. This circumſtance, added to the univerſal favour and partiality ſhewn to the Americans, whoſe beſt recommendation are their being natives of that diſtracted country, will (I have too much reaſon to dread) ere we are many days older, furniſh the world with a ſtriking inſtance how much ſuperior the Court of Verſailles is to all other nations, in point of that ingenuity and art ſo eſſentially neceſſary in the cabinet."

Orders were yeſterday ſent to Portſmouth for three men of war to ſail immediately to cruize within a few leagues of Bourdeaux, though not ſo far as to give offence to the French, but in the proper tract to intercept the American ſhips which trade to that place.

*Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, April* 25.

" Arrived at Spithead his Majeſty's ſhip Exeter, Capt. Moor, who fell in with a French ſhip of 74 guns, prepared for action; the Exeter hailed her, and deſired a boat might be ſent on board; her anſwer was, ſhe had none; on which one of the Lieutenants of the Exeter went on board to enquire into the reaſons of their behaviour, as their guns were pointed, and men in the top with ſmall arms; when the French ſhip, it is ſaid, ſhewed him their orders from the French Court, which were, to protect any American ſhips in their ſeas."

The Guerney, Capt. Doyle, from Corke to Bourdeaux, was taken the 15th inſt. by the Freedom privateer, and burnt; and the Britannia, Wicker, from Topſham to Newfoundland, was taken the 17th inſt. only thirty hours from Plymouth; ſhe was one of the Fox fleet.—The Captain of this laſt was put on board a Dutchman who landed him at Dover, and related on Saturday morning, at Lloyd's coffee-houſe, the above; as alſo, that the ſaid privateer had been up the channel beyond Falmouth.

*April* 29. It is ſaid General Sir William Howe has ſolicited a reinforcement of 20,000 men, in order the more effectually to finiſh the war in America this campaign.

*May* 1. Yeſterday the Houſe of Lords gave judgment on the appeal of Blair againſt the Ayr Bank Company, by affirming the decree of the Court of Seſſion in Scotland in favour of the reſpondents.

This day the civil liſt bill was read a ſecond time in the Houſe of Lords, and committed for to-morrow. The Earl of Radnor put ſome queſtions reſpecting the civil liſt accounts, which were ſatisfactorily anſwered by the Lord Chancellor.

This day Mr. Sawbridge made his annual motion in the Houſe of Commons, for ſhortening the duration of Parliaments, which was loſt on a diviſion, by 98 votes againſt 28.

*May* 3. The Houſe in a Committee went through the bill for allowing the exportation of wheat, &c. to the Sugar Colonies in North-America, and to the Eaſt-Indies.

A bill is ordered to be brought into the Houſe of Commons, to prohibit all intercourſe with the rebel colonies.

*May* 5. The Committee of ways and means came to ſeveral reſolutions, which were ordered to be reported this day.

K I N G S T O N *(Jamaica)* May 17.

On Friday evening, the ninth inſtant, came into Port-Royal, the ſloop Hornet, a prize taken by his Majeſty's ſloop Porcupine, commanded by the Honourable Captain Cadogan. She is the firſt veſſel of war out of Philadelphia, under a commiſſion from the Congreſs, which has been taken and brought into this iſland. She is extremely well found and armed, mounts ten carriage guns, beſides ſwivels, and has got on board a valuable cargoe of indigo and rice, with which ſhe was going from Carolina to Martinico.

S T. G E O R G E's *(Grenada) May* 21.

A ſloop privateer of 10 guns, ſuppoſed to be the Rutledge, of Providence, appeared off this port on Tueſday laſt, and was chaſed by Capt. Jones, in the Beaver, but ſhe was at ſo great a diſtance when he began the purſuit, that he could not come up with her. The day following ſhe had the impudence again to make her appearance, in the very center of the bay, and ſo near the ſhore that her guns could be counted with the naked eye. Captain Wareham, in the Government ſloop, having on board a detachment from the garriſon, weighed and ſtood after her; but finding, ſhe out ſailed the ſloop, he returned in the evening.

On Thurſday was ſent in here, by the Lord Howe privateer of this port, the Sloop Orange, Capt. Leighton, from Boſton, for Surinam, with a cargo of fiſh, lumber, ſtaves, hoops, tallow and ſpermaceti candles, &c.

The ſame day, the Cygnet ſloop of war, commanded by the Hon. Capt. Stratfort, arrived here, and brought in a ſmall ſchooner, with French papers, having on board ſome Americans. She was bound from Martinico to St. Euſtatia, with a conſiderable ſum of ſpecie, in order to purchaſe a faſt ſailing veſſel, as a tender to the Rattleſnake privateer.

On Monday laſt the ſchooner Betſey, Capt. Taylor, with a full lading of cotton, worth at leaſt 1500l. ſterling, for this port, was cut out of a bay in Carriouacou, by a canoe, manned with 18 Frenchmen, belonging to a veſſel commanded by Paſcal, who has done ſo much miſchief among the Grenadines.

T O B A G O *(Scarborough) June* 2, 1777.

At a Court of Oyer and Terminer and Goal delivery, held here this day, came on the trial of the Hon. Peter Franklyn, Eſq; one of the Members of his Majeſty's Council for this iſland, on an indictment for the murder of the late Governor Young. He was honourably acquitted, although unexpectedly deprived of two material witneſſes; but the evidence on the part of the Crown could not ſupport the indictment. The jury hardly went out of Court.

S T. J O H N's *(Antigua)* June 4.

On Sunday laſt his Majeſty's ſhip Seaford, Thomas Colpoys, Eſq; commander, brought into Engliſh harbour three prizes, two of which were Dutchmen, the other a ſmall privateer ſchooner. On board one of the Dutchmen was found ſeventeen hundred and fifty barrels of gunpowder, with tobacco, indigo, &c. &c. the other a very valuable cargoe alſo.

K I N G S T O W N *(St. Vincent) June* 7.

On Tueſday evening laſt, the ſnow ———, Captain Crockett, who put into Bequia, on her paſſage from Grenada to Tobago, was cut out of that harbour, by a ſmall pirate ſchooner, who, the evening before, had cut a ſmall veſſel out of Carriouacou, with 65 bales of cotton on board.—It is imagined the ſnow has been retaken by his Majeſty's ſhip Cygnet, who was ſeen chaſing her the next day, to leeward of this Iſland; and what gives us greater reaſon to believe ſo, is, the Captain of the pirate (imagining ſhe might be brought in here) having landed the mate of the ſnow, who he had taken on board his veſſel, with a letter propoſing an exchange of priſoners. Mr. Charles Warner and Dr. Wood, of Bequia, were on board the ſnow when ſhe was cut out, and are carried to St. Lucia.—Had the Marquis de Boulle adhered to the promiſes which he made the Governors of the Engliſh Iſlands, on his arrival at Martinico, thoſe pirates would not be enabled to diſtreſs our trade with the great ſucceſs which they have for ſome time paſt done, and which nothing can equal but the tameneſs with which it is borne.

B O S T O N, July 7.

Saturday laſt Capt. Glover returned in a flag from Halifax, after 8 days paſſage, with about 80 perſons, who had been taken priſoners, and carried in there.

The flag from Portſmouth remained there when Capt. Glover came away, and it was expected would ſoon ſail with about the ſame number of priſoners, which remained behind.

the eighth taken, and the ſixth ſent in by Capt. Fiſk, in one of the State veſſels. She came from Topſham in England, was taken in ſeven days after ſailing, her loading ſalt proviſions, and bound to Newfoundland. He alſo took another veſſel from ſaid port, which he gave to the priſoners, about 60 in number.

P R O V I D E N C E, July 5.

On Wedneſday a deſerter, belonging to the 43d Britiſh regiment, arrived here from Rhode-Iſland. He informs, that the enemy's force now there is as follow, viz. the 22d, 43d, and 54th Britiſh regiments, with four regiments of Heſſians, making in the whole about 3,500 men.

K I N G S T O N *(Eſopus) July* 14.

Edward Anderſon, late a Quarter-Maſter on board the ſhip Eagle man of war, and who was taken priſoner at Peeks-Kill, when the enemy landed there, died here laſt Friday of a fever, and on Saturday was interred in the church yard of this town, with every mark of decency to which the inhabitants are intitled. When he was taken ſick, he was provided with a private lodging, and the greateſt care taken of him during the whole courſe of his ſickneſs.—We wiſh that ſentiments of humanity could influence our enemies, thus to treat *our* friends, under ſimilar circumſtances.

N E W-Y O R K, July 14.

The 4th inſt. the Stanley, commanded by Mr. Whitworth, with the Delaware, by Mr. Rogers (two of the Roebuck's tenders) went to Chincoteague Bay, on the coaſt of Maryland, for the purpoſe of taking any of the rebel veſſels lying within, which they effectually executed. By the deception of French colours which they hoiſted in the offing, they brought off pilots, who carried them into the inlet, when they found eight veſſels, four of which they deſtroyed, and the other four, laden with tobacco and flour, Mr. Whitworth brought ſafe into this port, with 40 priſoners.

'Tis reported that a party of our Indians fell in with ſome rebels from Connecticut, at a place called the Indian Fields, about 12 miles this ſide Fort Stanwix, on the Mohawk's river, and killed ſeveral of them.

Laſt week the Hon. Brigadier-General Leſlie had the misfortune, by a ſtone turning under his foot on Staten-Iſland, to break his leg, but it is in a fair way of doing well. 'Tis a public loſs at this critical time, to be deprived of the ſervice of this able and experienced commander.

Died in this city, on Sunday, the 6th inſtant, of a wound he received in the late action in New-Jerſey, Mr. Edward Kerin, volunteer in the 22d light-company, ſon to Terence Kerin, Eſq; of this place, in the 17th year of his age; his loſs is as much lamented on account of his private virtues, as for his courage and bravery, by which he diſtinguiſhed himſelf on every occation.

Monday laſt eleven tranſports with proviſions for the army, arrived here from Corke, and about 500 recruits for the different regiments now in America. They ſailed from Corke the 6th of May, and parted with a brig to the ſouthward of Bermuda bound for St. Auguſtine.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, July 23.

*Copy of a Letter from General* ST. CLAIR *to* CONGRESS, *dated Fort Edward, July* 14, 1777.

SIR,

" Congreſs may probably think it extraordinary that ſo much time ſhould have elapſed before they heard from me, after a ſtep of ſuch conſequence as the evacuation of the poſts that had been entruſted to my care; but it was not in my power to write whilſt on the march to this place. I am ſorry to find that my letter to General Schuyler, the night the evacuation took place, has not come to his hands, as for want of that, though he has doubtleſs informed Congreſs of the matter, he could not give them the reaſons that induced it; they were theſe—

" Seeing that the poſts of Ticonderoga and Mount Independance were nearly inveſted, and having intelligence by my ſpies that they would be compleatly ſo in twenty-four hours, when we ſhould be cut off from all poſſibility of ſuccour: That the batteries of the enemy were ready to open, and the whole of our encampment on the Ticonderoga ſide expoſed to their fire: Conſidering at the ſame time the weakneſs of the garriſon, that the effective numbers were not ſufficient to man one half of the works, and that conſequently the whole muſt be upon conſtant duty, which they could not poſſibly long ſuſtain, and that of courſe the places with the garriſon muſt inevitably in a very few days fall into the enemy's hands. I ſaw no alternative but endeavouring to evacuate them, and bring off the army. Whereupon I called the General Officers together, to take their ſentiments: They were unanimouſly of opinion that the places ſhould be evacuated without the leaſt loſs of time, and it was accordingly ſet about that night, the fifth inſtant. After embarking in boats as much of our cannon, proviſions and ſtores as was poſſible, with the boats which were ordered to Skeenſborough, I ſent Colonel Long, an active, diligent, good officer, to take the command there, with his regiment and the Invalids, until I ſhould join him with the army, which was to march to that place by Caſtleton. The body of the army reached Caſtleton the next evening, thirty miles from Ticonderoga, and twelve from Skeenſborough; but the rear guard, under the command of Col. Warner, which, with the ſtragglers and infirm, amounted to near twelve hundred, ſtopped ſhort of that place ſix miles, and were next morning attacked by a ſtrong detachment the enemy had ſent to hang upon our rear and retard our march. Two regiments of Militia, who had left us the evening before, and had halted about two miles from Col. Warner, were immediately ordered to his aſſiſtance, but to my great ſurprize they marched directly down to me; at the ſame time I received information that the enemy were in poſſeſſion of Skeenſborough, and had cut off all our boats and armed veſſels. This obliged me to change my route, that I might not be put betwixt two fires, and at the ſame time be able to bring off Col. Warner, to whom I ſent orders if he found the enemy too ſtrong to retreat to Rutland, where he would find me to cover him, that place lying nearly at an equal diſtance from both: Before my orders reached him, his party was diſperſed, after having for a conſiderable time ſuſtained a very warm engagement, in which the enemy ſuffered ſo much that they purſued but a ſmall diſtance:—Our loſs I cannot aſcertain, but believe it does not exceed forty killed and wounded. About two hundred of the party have joined me at Rutland and ſince, but great numbers of them are ſtill miſſing, and I ſuſpect have got down into New-England by the way of Number Four. After a very fatiguing march of ſeven days, in which the army ſuffered much from bad weather and want of proviſions, I joined General Schuyler the 12th inſt.

" It was my original plan to retreat to this place, that I might be betwixt Gen. Burgoyne and the inhabitants, and that the militia might have ſomething in this quarter to collect to; it is now effected, and the militia are coming in, ſo that I have the moſt ſanguine hopes that the

progress of the enemy will be checked, and I may yet have the satisfaction to experience, that although I have lost a post, I have eventually saved a State.

" Perhaps I may be censured by those who are unacquainted with the situation I was in, for not sooner calling the militia to my assistance. I think I informed Congress that I could not do that for want of provisions; and as soon as I got a supply I did call for them, and was joined by near nine hundred the day before the evacuation, but they came from home so ill provided that they could not, nor did not propose to stay with me but a few days. The two Massachusetts regiments of militia likewise, which composed part of the garrison, gave me notice that their time expired in two days, and they intended then to go home. In vain did I beg of their officers to exert every influence they had over them, and from their subsequent behaviour, I am fully persuaded the officers are most to blame. They kept with me, however, for two days on the march, but their conduct was so licentious and disorderly, and their example beginning to affect the Continental troops, I was constrained to send them off.

" Inclosed is a copy of the Council of War, in which you will find the principles upon which the retreat was undertaken. As I found all the General Officers so fully of opinion that it should be done immediately, I forbore to mention to them many circumstances which might have influenced them, and which I should have laid before them, had they been of different sentiments; for I was, and still am, so firmly convinced of the necessity, as well as the propriety of it, that I believe I should have ventured upon it, had they been every one against it.

" I have the utmost confidence in the candour of Congress, and persuade myself, notwithstanding the loss they have sustained, when they have impartially considered, that I was posted with little more than two thousand men in a place that required ten thousand to defend it; that these two thousand were ill equipped, and worse armed, not above one bayonet in ten, an arm essential in the defence of lines; that with these two thousand I have made good a retreat from under the nose of an army at least four times their numbers, and have them now betwixt the enemy and the country, ready to act against them, that my conduct will appear at least not deserving censure.

I have the honour to be, &c.

A. R. ST. CLAIR.

P. S. The enemy's force, from the best accounts, is 3500 British, 4000 Brunswick and Hesse Hanau, 200 Indians, and 200 Canadians.

The Honourable JOHN HANCOCK, Esq;

*At a Council of General Officers held at Ticonderoga, July 5, 1777.*

PRESENT,

Major General ST. CLAIR.
Brigadier General DE ROCHE FERMOY.
Brigadier General POOR.
Brigadier General PATTERSON.
Colonel Commandant LONG.

" General St. Clair represented to the Council, that as there is every reason to believe that the batteries of the enemy are ready to open upon the Ticonderoga side, and that the camp is very much exposed to their fire, and to be enfiladed on all quarters; and as there is also reason to expect an attack upon Ticonderoga and Mount Independance at the same time, in which case neither could draw any support from the other; he desires their opinion, whether it would be most proper to remove the tents to the low ground, where they would be less exposed, and wait the attack at the Ticonderoga lines, or whether the whole of the troops should be drawn over to Mount Independance, the more effectually to provide for the defence of that post.

" At the same time the General begged leave to inform them, that the whole of our force consisted of two thousand and eighty-nine effective rank and file, including one hundred and twenty-four artificers unarmed, besides the corps of artillery, and about nine hundred militia that have joined us, and cannot stay but a few days.

" The Council were unanimously of opinion, that it is impossible with our force to defend Ticonderoga and Mount Independance, and that the troops, cannon and stores should be removed this night, if possible, to Mount Independance.

" 2d. Whether after the division of the army at Ticonderoga have retreated to Mount-Independance, we shall be in a situation to defend that post, or in case it cannot be defended, if a retreat into the country will be practicable.

" The Council are unanimously of opinion, that, as the enemy have already nearly surrounded us, and there remains nothing more to invest us compleatly but their occupying the neck of land betwixt the lakes and the east creek, which is not more than three quarters of a mile over, and possessing themselves of the narrows betwixt us and Skeensborough, and thereby cutting off all communication with the country; a retreat ought to be undertaken as soon as possible, and that we shall be very fortunate to effect it.

*Signed,*
A. ST. CLAIR, Maj. Gen.
DE ROCHE FERMOY, B. G.
ENOCH POOR, B. G.
JOHN PATTERSON, B. G.
Colonel Commandant LONG.

*A true copy taken from the original.*
ISAAC BUDD DUNN, A. D. C.

*Published by order of Congress,*
CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

*Extract of a letter from Fort Edward, July 14, 1777.*

" A party of the enemy got a good scourging betwixt Skeensborough and Fort-Ann the other day, from the party commanded by Colonel Long. The ninth regiment is almost entirely cut off, and if our people had had but two rounds more, not a man of them would have escaped."

*Extract of a letter from Amsterdam, dated March 22, 1777.*

" If the brave Americans can support themselves this campaign, I consider them as free and independent, for England this summer will be ruined, and will no longer insult France and Spain, who are in such a respectable situation as to be able to check her arrogance; and no doubt but she must be greatly vexed to see Americans in alliance with France and Spain, and their vessels protected by the former.

" We this morning hear that sixty Hessians have deserted from one of the transports at Dorte, that they are in general discontented, and will desert the first opportunity, in Europe and America."

*Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Bourdeaux, to his friend in this City, dated May 17, 1777.*

" I have the honour of advising you of our arrival in this city in good health, after having been two months on the road, and suffered all those blasts Neptune when irritated is capable of inflicting.

" We took a prize the 18th of April, the other side of the Azores, that left Glasgow the 4th of the same month, she had on board two passengers, one of which was a Minister, going to Lake Champlain, the ship was going to Quebec, this same Minister told us news the most disagreeable, viz.

" That the Count d'Artois, the King's brother, was in London, very well received at that Court, and probably was adjusting measures to reduce the Continent of America; that Mr. Deane had wrote a very spirited letter to Lord Stormont, Ambassador at our Court, proposing to him an exchange of some prisoners he named, for others detained in England, and that the terms of this letter being very spirited, the said Lord had sent the same to his Court, who returned it to him, ordering him to shew it to Mr. de St. Jermain, and demand satisfaction for so great an insolence offered an Ambassador; that in this interval Mr. Deane had been assassinated in his coach between Paris and Versailles. Upon which Mr. Franklin having solicited the Court to make search after the murderers, he had received orders to leave Paris in twenty-four hours, and France in four days, in consequence it was believed he was gone to Vienna; moreover, that all American vessels had received orders to go out and evacuate all the ports of France, and that all that might in future arrive should not stay more than twenty-four hours.—We believed, Sir, this news, the rather because the Glasgow Gazettes were produced, which positively asserted it: The remainder of our voyage was passed in the greatest sorrow, but we were agreeably surprized, when, upon our arrival, we learned the contrary, and that all the news was as favourable as could be expected, a declaration of war excepted.

" The news is, that Messieurs Franklin and Deane are well, and always well received at Court, both by Prince and Lords. Your Gentlemen at Paris have commissioned three privateers, and one of them has taken a Packet Boat, so says a private letter from Amsterdam, a merchant shewed me yesterday on the exchange.

" We did not know to what to attribute the detention of the letters of the 29th of April from London, but we just learn, that the packet boat which carried them, was taken the 2d of this month, at half after eight at night, by an American privateer, as high as Gravesend; near the southern point of Holland he discharged the passengers and crew, but he has brought in the vessel, effects and mail, directed for this country, Germany, and the North. The mail was escorted by an officer of the American privateer, and conducted to Paris, where it is supposed it was given to the American Envoys there."

*Extract of a letter from the same place, dated May 17.*

" I have just seen a private letter, dated the 12th of this month, from Brest, which says, to-morrow a fleet of 13 sail of the line will leave this port, their destination unknown."

*Extract of a letter from France, dated May 19, 1777.*

" There are two prizes taken by Captain Gustavus Cunningham, and sent into Dunkirk, one of them a Harwich Packet, bound to Helvoet, on board of which they took the mail and a King's Messenger, also 70,000l. sterling, in specie, all which they took proper care of. Several merchant vessels are arrived here and at Bourdeaux, loaded with tobacco, their names I do not know"

On the 10th inst. Lieut. Col. Barton, of the State troops of the Commonwealth of Rhode-Island, with a party of 40 men, set off in four whale-boats, and landed about half-way from Newport to Bristol, when learning the situation of the General's quarters, he contrived by infinite address and gallantry to get to his house undiscovered by the guard, surrounded it, and made prisoners Major-General Prescot, and Major William Barrington, one of his Aid de Camps.

We are assured that the medicines were sent off from Ticonderoga to Fort George some days before our army retreated, and only a very inconsiderable part had fallen into the hands of the enemy.

*Extract of a letter from General Washington to Congress, dated camp at the Clove, July 16, 1777.*

" Sir,—I beg leave to congratulate Congress on the captivity of Major General Prescot and one of his Aids—The particulars of this fortunate event, you will find in the inclosed extract of a letter this minute received from General Spencer, which, I presume, are at large in the packet Mr. Greenleaf will deliver. Lieut. Col. Barton with the small handful under his command, who conducted the enterprize, have great merit."

*Extract of a letter from Major General Spencer, dated Providence, July 11, 1777.*

" Sir,—I have the pleasure to congratulate your Honour, and the Hon. Continental Congress, on the late success of Lieut. Col. Barton, who, with the number of forty, including Captains Adams and Philips, and a number of brave officers, last night went on Rhode-Island, and brought off Major General Prescot, and Major William Barrington, one of his Aid-de-Camps, and the centry at the General's door, all that were at the General's quarters. This was done with such prudence that no alarm was given to the enemy until our party had got near to the main, on their return. They are now in this town.

" Col. Barton went with his party in four whale boats from Warwick neck, about ten miles by water, to the west side of the island; landed about half way from Newport to Bristol ferry, then marched one mile to the General's quarters, returned again to Warwick, and had the good fortune to escape the discovery of the enemy's guard boats, although several ships of war lay round in those parts. Several attempts of this nature have been made without any loss on our side, and with some small success. The above named Captain Philips, some time since, with a party of about twenty, brought off one Ensign Clark, of the 42d regiment, now a prisoner. Another party attacked one of the enemy's guards, dispersed them, killed three, and wounded one. We have had several deserters from the British regiments."

*Published by order of Congress,*
CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

*Extract of a letter from Middletown, July 20.*

" This morning at half past 10 o'clock the enemy's fleet appeared in New-York Narrows, on their way to Sandy-Hook. This evening at sun-down there were under the point of the Hook, and coming down, 160 sail, as near as we could count. It is beyond a doubt that some of them have troops on board, but to what amount cannot pretend to say. I shall carefully attend their motions till they sail, and as long as they continue in sight; should they bear to the southward, shall give you the earliest intelligence."

*Extract of a letter from the West-Indies, dated June 13.*

" No doubt you will have heard of the Oliver Cromwell being taken by the Beaver sloop of war of fourteen guns, intirely owing to the dastardly behaviour of the crew, who were principally Europeans, and at whose request the Captain carried the Oliver along side, contrary to his own opinion. After the first broadside was exchanged, they never made a regular fire, but ran from their quarters, and several times jumped upon the quarter-deck, attempting to strike the colours, which the Captain, notwithstanding his First Lieutenant and pilot were killed, bravely prevented, by cutting several of them down. He was alongside the Beaver three quarters of an hour, making a shew of fighting, and endeavouring all in his power to encourage his men, though to little purpose, till common humanity moved him to strike. Captain Jones, of the Beaver, and his officers, treated Captain Courter with the utmost politeness, and even caressed him, and acknowledge to every body that he behaved on the occasion like a brave and good officer.—This information we have from a gentleman, who was on board the ship after she was carried into Grenada, and may be depended upon. The people, who would not enter into the King's service, were confined in goal. But the Captain had his quarters in the fort, the pleasantest situation in Grenada.

" Capt. Palmer, a New-Englandman, the other day, in a sloop of fourteen guns, four pounders, took a very large ship from Liverpool, of fourteen double fortified sixes, and six cohorns that will carry six pound shot, well fitted and manned, and carried her into Martinico."

The General Assembly of the State of Connecticut lately passed an act to prevent the currency of any paper bills in that State, from and after the first of August, except those emitted by their Assembly, or by order of the United States.

In the Antigua Gazette of June 4, under the London head of March 15, are the following paragraphs.

" The number of passengers going out to New York is immense; one would almost be led to believe they were shipping themselves for the land of diamonds, from their hurry to get a passage. Captain Lawrence, who commands a ship in that trade, has no less than 20 cabin passengers.

" The quantity of merchants goods going out to Quebec, Halifax, and New-York, is immense, and it is imagined that great part of them will find their way into some of the other provinces, as they must be too much for the consumption of those places."

We hear from Georgia, that Col. Elbert made a descent upon East-Florida, with the brigade under his command, and after some successful skirmishing with the enemy, in which he took some prisoners, and retook a number of Negroes, returned with the brigade safe into Georgia. That General M'Intosh was entirely recovered of the wounds he some time ago received in an engagement with the enemy, and lately in a duel with Governor Gwinnett. That a privateer from that State had lately taken four prizes, one of which had a large number of dollars on board.

*Camp, Morris-town, July 8, 1777.*

EXTRACT from GENERAL ORDERS.

The Court, of which Col. Broadhead was President, appointed to enquire into the conduct of the Artillery officers, viz. Capt. Eustace, and his officers, and Captain Lieutenant Archbald, whose pieces were lost in the action of the 26th ult. report, that having examined officers (whose names they mention) relative thereto, they are of opinion that Captain Eustace and his officers behaved with becoming bravery and good conduct during the whole action, and that the loss of the field-pieces was inevitable, they being left in the rear unsupported. Also, that Capt. Gibbs Jones, and the officers under his command, behaved with becoming bravery and good conduct during the whole action; and the loss of the piece commanded by Capt. Lieut. Edward Archibald was inevitable, it being in the rear unsupported.

The Officers concerned beg the Printers to publish this through the United States.

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*TO BE SOLD,*

TWO equal undivided third parts of SPRING FORGE, and the LANDS thereunto belonging, containing upwards of a thousand acres; also, about six hundred acres of WOODLAND, in different tracts: For terms, apply to the subscriber, at said Forge. ‖ 7s 6. JOHN OLD.

*N. B.* Also to be sold, the Reversion of a Lease of the other third of said Forge, until the first of April, 1779.

*Kennet, Chester County, July 12, 1777.*

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Doctor EDMUND BAINBRIDGE, late of Kennet Square, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment; and all persons that have any demands against said estate, are desired to render in their accounts, properly attested, on or before the 23d day of August next, to ROBERT COOPER, or ROBERT HENRY, Executors.

*N. B.* The Executors being desirous of settling the estate as soon as possible, do propose attending at the house of Richard Cheney, at Downing's-town, on Seventh-day, the 16th day of August next; and at the house of Peter Bell, at Kennet Square, on Seventh-day, the 23d of August next; where it is expected those that have not settled before that time, will be punctual in giving their attendance. ‖ 7s 6.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, the 18th instant, at night, a likely black MARE, 3 years old last spring, about 14 hands high, shod before, remarkable small footed, near hind foot a little white between the fetlock and hoof; trots, paces, and gallops. Whoever secures said mare and thief, shall receive the above reward; and for the mare only Eight Dollars, paid by

*July 22, 1777.* ‖ 7s 6. BENJAMIN COTTMAN.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Bristol township, Philadelphia county, a Dutch servant lad, named *George Silcknitter*, about 14 years of age, short and thick, of a swarthy complexion, black hair; had on a tow shirt, the sleeves and collar flax linen, striped tow trowsers, an old felt hat, no shoes; has cut the palm of his hand a reaping. Whoever secures the said servant in any goal, so that I may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by

*July 19, 1777.* ‖ 7s 6. CONRAD WAGNER.

*Philadelphia, July 22, 1777.*

STRAYED away, the 14th instant, from off the Commons, of this city, a black COW, with a white face, and some black round her eyes, white belly, her horns turn inwards, and some white on her feet. Whoever takes up said Cow, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ‖ ROBERT COLLINGS, in Vine-street.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, living in the Northern Liberties, on the 12th instant, a light bay HORSE, near 15 hands high, three years old, trots natural, black mane, tail, and legs. Whoever takes up and secures the said HORSE, so that the owner may have him again, shall have *Six Dollars* reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

*July 22, 1777.* ‖ 7s 6. JOHN WILLIAMS.

*CAME some time ago to the seat of William Hamilton, Esq; on Schuylkill, a bay MARE, about 14 hands high, heavy with Foal; and a bay GELDING, about 13 hands high; as this is the second time of advertising, the owner or owners are requested to apply, in three weeks from the date hereof, prove property, pay charges, and take them away; otherwise they will be sold for the same.* July 22. ‖ 7s 6. ARTHUR MILLAN.

JUST PUBLISHED and to be SOLD by JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior, the corner of Black-horse-alley, Front-ſtreet,

## RURAL OECONOMY,

Or ESSAYS on the

## PRACTICAL PARTS of HUSBANDRY.

Deſigned to explain ſeveral of the moſt important methods of conducting FARMS of various kinds, including many uſeful hints to gentlemen farmers, relative to the œconomical management of their buſineſs.

Containing, among other inquiries,

Of that proportioned farm which is, of all others, the moſt profitable.

Of the beſt method of conducting farms that conſiſt all of graſs, or all of arable land.

Of the means of keeping, the year round, the moſt cattle on a given quantity of land.

Conſiderations on the œconomical conduct of gentlemen farmers.

Of the cheapeſt way of manuring land.

Of the comparative profit of farming different ſoils.

Of the new huſbandry.

Of experimental agriculture.

Of the management of borders of arable fields.

Of periodical publications concerning rural œconomies.

To which is added,

THE RURAL SOCRATES, being Memoirs of a Country Philoſopher.

Hoc *opus*, hoc *ſtudium*, parvi properemus et ampli;
Si *patriæ* volumus, ſi nobis vivere cari.

In the courſe of the above inquiries are given inſtructions for the management of the dairy, the beſt method of raiſing turnips, cabbage, carrots, potatoes, &c. &c.

The Marquis de Mirabeau, in a letter to the tranſlator of The Rural Socrates, dated Paris, Nov. 8, 1762, ſpeaking of this work, ſays, "Let me aſſure you that I conſider it as one "of the moſt uſeful books that ever was publiſhed. It con-"tains the theory and practice of the moſt rational and intelli-"gent huſbandry; the moſt noble and comprehenſive philoſo-"phy; the moſt ſincere and elevated piety. Kliyogg is my "hero in all things."

Subſcribers are requeſted to ſend for their books---The printer hopes they will not take it amiſs that, in conſequence of the extraordinary riſe of every article ſince he firſt publiſhed his propoſals, he adds half a crown to the price.

---

NOW in the PRESS, and ſhortly will be PUBLISHED, by JAMES HUMPHREYS, jun. the corner of Black-horſe-alley, Front-ſtreet,

## An ADDENDA to the RURAL SOCRATES.

Conſiſting of

A letter from Doctor Kirzell, at Zurich, to the French tranſlator. Some letters from the Marquis de Mirabeau at Paris to the French tranſlator, with his anſwer. A letter from Monſieur Tſchiffeli, Secretary to the Supreme Council of the republic of Bern. Some very remarkable anecdotes of the family of Pineon, and of the family of Fleuriot, known in Lorain by the name of Valdajon, by the Marquis de Mirabeau. The whole containing ſome very excellent remarks on huſbandry. Alſo ſeveral

## ESSAYS on FIELD HUSBANDRY.

By JARED ELLIOT, M. A. of New-England.

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*Philadelphia, July* 5, 1777.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Colonel CALEB PARRY, deceaſed, either on bond, note or open account, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe that have any demands on the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, and they ſhall be paid by

ELIZABETH PARRY, Adminiſtratrix,
‖7 ſ 6. JOHN JACOBS, Adminiſtrator.

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## SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living at Church Hill, in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, on Saturday, the 21ſt of June, a likely Negroe boy, about 16 years of age, a very black fellow, with a ſcar on the back of his head, almoſt as large as a milled dollar, is a Weſt-India Negroe, as may be diſcovered by hearing him ſpeak; had on, when he went away, a country linen ſhirt, ſhort under jacket that has been dyed purple, and an old pair of country-cloth breeches, has ſome other clothes with him, which he got after he left home; he was put over the bay to Baltimore from ſaying he was free. Whoever ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ 7 ſ 6. S. THOMPSON.

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*Princeton, July* 10, 1777.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public, that the COLLEGE of New-Jerſey was opened on Tueſday, the eighth inſtant. It is therefore requeſted that the undergraduates would repair to Princeton immediately, taking care to provide themſelves with books, as none are to be had there.

JOHN WITHERSPOON.

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## *TO BE SOLD,*

*FIFTEEN HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, lying in Kent county, on Delaware, for caſh only, either Continental, or the currency of the States of Maryland, Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey, or Delaware. The above LAND is well watered and timbered. Several plantations are already made, with ſome excellent branch meadow thereon, partly ditched; it lies very convenient for trade, being only 13 miles from a landing on Delaware, and 8 from a landing on Cheſapeak-Bay. The main road leading to both the above places runs through the tract. The ſoil is very lively and produces well. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may ſee the land, on application to Mr. Edward Dyer, near the premiſes. If a number of purchaſers ſhould apply, it will be laid off in lots, by*

June 29, 1777. 7 ſ 6. BENEDICT BRICE.

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THIS is to certify the public, that whereas I, the ſubſcriber, living near the Three Runs, in Kent county on Delaware, did baſely accuſe Captain Richard Ellis of being guilty of driving away a Milch Cow of mine with a drove of cattle to the Head of Bohemia, in Cæcil county, Maryland, and did follow him, the ſaid Ellis, unto his dwelling, and there did examine among his cattle, but could not find her, but there being a Heifer among ſome cattle at ſaid Ellis's door, in an old field, I did there offer to ſwear that the ſaid Heifer was my property, and that I could bring a large number of gentlemen to prove her to be mine alſo. But, upon Captain Ellis's examining the neighbourhood, he did find the juſt owner of this Heifer, which I did claim, and would have ſworn to her if Captain Ellis had urged me. But now, in order to clear up ſaid Ellis's character, I do deſire that this advertiſement may be put in the public printed papers, acknowledging that every thing I have hitherto ſaid againſt ſaid Ellis's character is groundleſs, baſely falſe, and unjuſt. Given under my hand, of my own free will and voluntary choice, this 24th day of June, 1777. JAMES HATFIELD.

*In preſence of Thomas L. Savin, Benjamin Flintham, John Simpſon. conſtable. George Armſtrong, William Wood.* ‖7 ſ 6.

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*THIS is to give notice to all perſons, not to take any aſſignment on a certain Penal Bill, of Fifty Pounds, currency of Pennſylvania, dated in the year of our Lord 1770; by reaſon that the ſaid Penal Bill was illegally obtained and extorted from Doctor John Kennedy, of Lancaſter county, by Doctor Samuel Kennedy, of Cheſter county; and the ſubſcriber is determined not to pay the contents of the abovementioned Bill. As witneſs my hand,*

‖4 ſ 6. JOHN KENNEDY.

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## TO BE SOLD,

At the Linen Printing-Manufactory, at Kenſington,

A LARGE Aſſortment of very fine printed Linens; likewiſe a Variety of ſpotted Nankeen Waiſtcoat Shapes and Breeches Patterns, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

‖8 w. JOHN HEWSON, WILLIAM LANG.

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## *TO BE SOLD,*

BETWEEN Fifty and Sixty Tons of chipt and unchipt LOGWOOD. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Price, by enquiring of JANE GILES, or JAMES GILPIN, in Wilmington. *July* 3, 1777. ‖6 W.

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*WHEREAS* Mary Burney, *my wife, hath contracted ſundry debts unknown to me, and has run me in debt, and carried away a great part of the beſt of my furniture; this is to warn all perſons from truſting her on my account, as I will pay no more debts of her contracting, from this ſecond day of May,* 1777.

¶ THOMAS BURNEY.

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*RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Philipſburg, Hunterdon county, New-Jerſey, a Negroe man, named* BEN, *about* 23 *years of age,* 5 *feet* 6 *or* 7 *inches high, country born; he is lame in one of his legs and foot. Said Negroe ran away about the laſt of June,* 1777. *Whoever takes him up and brings him home, or ſecures him, ſo that the ſubſcriber can get him again, ſhall have* SIX DOLLARS *reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by*

¶ THOMAS SCOTT.

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*STRAYED from the ſubſcriber, the* 15*th of June laſt, a light bay* MARE, *about* 14 *hands and an inch high, with a bald face, the bald comes over her left eye a little, her hind feet white, and a little white on her near fore foot, ſome yellow ſpots on her buttock, paces, trots and canters, and was ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, paid by* LEONARD NUTS, *Tanner, in Germantown.* ¶

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CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Ridley townſhip, Cheſter county, a BAY MARE, with two white feet, about 5 or 6 years old, neither brand nor ear-mark. The owner is hereby deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. MARK ELLIOTT. §

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CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in New-Providence, Philadelphia county, on the 23d of June laſt, a light bay MARE, about 14½ hands high, coming four years old, ſome white in her face, a ſwitch tail and ſhod all round. The owner is hereby deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. PATRICK GORDON. †

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*CAME to the mill of the ſubſcriber (late Edward Milnor's) living in Roxbury townſhip. Philadelphia county, the* 26*th of June laſt, a dark roan* MARE, *about* 14½ *hands high,* 8 *or* 9 *years old, with a ſtar in her forehead. The owner is hereby deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.*

¶ PETER CARE.

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## FIVE POUNDS Reward.

MADE his Eſcape from the Conſtable of Hilltown, a certain *Thomas Henry*, about 5 feet 6 inches high, fair complexion, fair hair, tied behind, about 21 years of age; had on, when he made his eſcape, a check ſhirt, white trowſers, ſtriped jacket, without ſleeves, much worn; but ſuppoſed he may change his apparel: Made his eſcape from the houſe of Mr. John Bowles, living in Plumſted townſhip, Bucks county, but ſuppoſe he is gone to Philadelphia, where he has reſided for ſome time. Whoever takes up ſaid *Thomas Henry*, and delivers him to me, or ſecures him in any of the State goals, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

*July* 8. 1777. § EZRA EVANS, Conſtable.

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STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Bradford, Cheſter county, on the night of the 5th of July inſtant, a dark brown HORSE, near 14 hands high, 6 years old, trots natural, neither brand nor ear-mark, white face, his hind legs white half-way up to the gambrel, holds his tail to the right ſide when rode, his mane has been cut for the collar, no ſhoes on. Likewiſe was taken out of the waggon houſe, the ſame night, a hunting ſaddle and bridle, the ſaddle has new ſtirrup-leathers and a new crupper. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

¶ DANIEL DAVIS.

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## THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from the 10th Pennſylvania regiment, the following ſoldiers, viz. *Andrew Hutton*, who enliſted by the name of *John Stuart*, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, ſhort black hair, a good deal pock-pitted, the bridge of his noſe flat; he is about 40 years of age; had on, when he deſerted, a blue coat, ſtriped trowſers, and check ſhirt. *Jacob Warrington*, a well fet fellow, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a dark complexion; had on, when he deſerted, a brown coat, lappelled with red, buckſkin breeches, and an old felt hat; ſomewhat fond of ſtrong liquor. *Joſeph Stinſon*, a ſlim built man, about 19 years of age, 6 feet high, down look, ſlow in ſpeech, and leans forward as he walks; had on, when he deſerted, a white coloured cloth coat, jacket and breeches, an old hat, with white loops. Whoever ſecures ſaid deſerters, ſo that they may join the corps to which they belong, ſhall have the above reward, or Ten Dollars for each, paid by

¶ ROBERT SAMPLE, Captain.

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## TO BE SOLD,

*A VALUABLE HOUSE and IMPROVEMENTS in the town of Carliſle. The lot extends* 120 *feet on the main ſtreet, and* 240 *on a croſs ſtreet. Beſides the principal houſe, there are a ſmall dwelling-houſe, coach houſe, barn, ſtables, cow-houſe, ſmoke-houſe and granery, moſt of them lately built, and all in good repair.*

*Alſo a FARM on Canedoguinet creek, two miles from Carliſle, containing near* 500 *acres. There are cleared about* 40 *acres of meadow of excellent quality,* 200 *acres of upland, and more meadow may be made.*

*Alſo a TRACT of LAND, containing* 2640 *acres, and the uſual allowance, ſituate on Black Legs creek, in the county of Weſtmoreland. It is warranted, ſurveyed and returned.*

*The titles to the premiſes are indiſputable. For particulars, enquire of Mr. LEWIS WEISS, in Philadelphia, and Mr. JOHN POLLOCK, in Carliſle.* †

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*Camp, Middle-Brook, July* 1, 1777.

THE Subſcriber had ſtole out of his pocket above One Hundred and Twenty Dollars, the 17th of June laſt, when aſleep in the houſe of Mr. NULL, at the Sign of the Seven Stars, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia. Whoever will give information to Mr. LANDENBERGER, in Water-ſtreet, or to Enſign SWARTS, of Captain BONNER's company, in the German regiment, ſo that the money may be recovered, ſhall be handſomely rewarded. GODFRED SWARTS.

*N. B.* As the perſon who took the above ſum left two bills in the pocket-book, prevented this publication appearing ſooner, I imagining for ſome time it was done in jeſt. G. S. ¶

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## TO BE SOLD,

FOUR Hundred and Fifty HEAD of CATTLE, two Miles from Cheſter, on the Philadelphia Road. For Terms of Sale, apply to ALEXANDER KIDD, who will give Attendance, at Mr. KIRL's, Tavern-keeper, in Cheſter, or where the Cattle are.

N. B. Attendance will be given from Thurſday, the 17th inſt. to Wedneſday, the 23d. At the ſame Place will be SOLD, a WAGGON, GEARS, and four HORSES. *July* 12. ¶

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## The LOAN OFFICE

Is kept at Doctor Shippen's, junior, in Fourth-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet, where conſtant attendance is given by

THOMAS SMITH, Commiſſioner of the Loan-Office.

IN CONGRESS, February 26, 1777.

*Reſolved*, That an intereſt of SIX per cent. per annum be allowed on all ſums of money already borrowed, and directed to be borrowed on Loan-Office Certificates, although ſuch certificates mention only an intereſt of four per cent. per annum.

*Extract from the Minutes,*

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

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WHEREAS the General Aſſembly of the State of Pennſylvania have appointed the ſubſcribers a Committee to ſettle the accounts of the late Committee and Council of Safety, and have alſo "Reſolved, That the ſaid Committee be autho-"rized to call for all books, papers and vouchers, relative to "the ſaid accounts; to call upon all perſons whether in public "or private ſtations who have received money, by order of the "above Boards, and have not already accounted for the ſame, to "ſettle their accounts; and to receive from them the balances "(if any) due thereon to this ſtate, and give receipts; and alſo "that the ſaid Committee be impowered to draw upon the State "Treaſurer in favour of ſuch as have advanced money for this "ſtate on account of the ſaid late Committee or Council of "Safety, or either of them." Therefore, all perſons who have received money by order of the ſaid late Committee and Council of Safety, or either of them, and have not already accounted for the ſame, are hereby requeſted to bring in their accounts with proper vouchers to ſaid Committee, who will attend for that purpoſe from the 28th day of July to the 16th day of Auguſt next, at their office oppoſite Mr. John Reynold's, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia.

PHILIP MARSTELLER,
CALEB DAVIS,
*June* 10, 1777. ROBERT LOLLER,
MAURICE ROGERS,
WILLIAM THORNE,
Committee of Aſſembly.

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To be ſold by the ſubſcriber, or exchanged for a plantation near the city of Philadelphia,

SEVERAL Tracts of LAND, ſituated in Weſtmoreland county, Pennſylvania, on the Waters of Conemack, and two Lick-Creeks, between the Laurel-Hill and Allegany, about 27 miles eaſtward of Fort-Ligonier, in a thick ſettled neighbourhood, and near a griſt and ſaw-mill; the land is remarkably good, and a great proportion of excellent meadow to each tract. Any perſon deſirous of purchaſing may be further informed, by enquiring of THOMAS PRYOR, in Water-ſtreet. *Philadelphia, May* 12, 1777. ‖6W.

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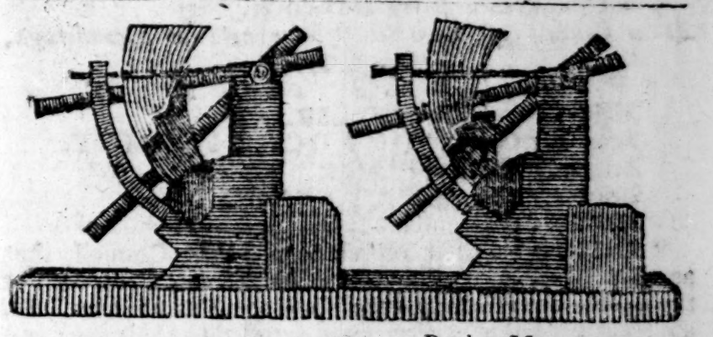

*Darby, May* 24, 1777.

THE ſubſcriber carries on the fulling and dying buſineſs in their various branches, having laid in a ſufficient ſtock of dye wares, and dyes blues, greens, reds, browns clarrets, buffs, and all common cloth colours; alſo linen and cotton dyed blue. The great expence in procuring dyes, and difficulty in collecting ſmall accounts, induces me to work for caſh only; thoſe indebted for work, whoſe accounts have been long ſtanding, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame. AARON OAKFORD.

N. B. To be ſold by *Leonard Dorſey*, at the corner of Arch and Third-ſtreets, *Francis Townſend*, at his raſping mill, in Goſhen townſhip, and ſaid *Oakford*, in Darby, a large quantity of raſped Nicurauger dye wood, for dying browns, clarrets and other high colours; likewiſe a few kegs of ground redwood. † 6 w.

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STRAYED from the ſubſcriber, in Nether-Providence, Cheſter county, about the firſt of June, 1777, two COWS, and two yearling HEIFERS; one red cow, with a ſtar in her forehead, about 8 years old, ſhe hath no ſmall hoofs the inſide of her fore feet; the other a brown cow, with a black udder, the ends of her horns cut, about 8 years old; one of the heifers red and white, and the other brindle. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid cattle, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall be well rewarded, by WILLIAM WILKINSON. ¶

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*Philadelphia, June* 26, 1777.

DESERTED from the 4th Georgia battalion, commanded by Col. George White, Eſq; *John Kaigbn*, an Iriſhman, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and 35 years of age, of a dark complexion; had on, when he went away, a hunting ſhirt, torn breeches, and a round hat. Whoever brings the ſaid deſerter to the ſubſcriber, at Mr. Iſrael Jacobs's Inn, in Third-ſtreet, ſhall have FIFTEEN DOLLARS reward.

¶ JOHN BENNIS, Captain.

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CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in New-Munſter, Cæcil county, Maryland, about the firſt of June laſt, a dark bay HORSE, about 13 hands high, 7 or 8 years old, natural trotter, with one white foot, no brand. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

¶ EDWARD WEIR.

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To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, ſituate in Frederick county, Maryland, about 40 miles from Baltimore-town, and about two from Tawney-town, within 5 or 6 miles of ſeveral good merchant mills, alſo very handy to Engliſh and Dutch meeting-houſes; containing 616 acres, whereon there are two improvements; the one, about 130 acres of upland cleared, about 15 acres of meadow made, and as much more may be made, hewed log-houſe, kitchen, barn, ſtables, ſmith and weavers ſhops, waggon and corn-houſes pailed garden, two orchards of about 220 apple-trees. The other improvement is, a two ſtory log-houſe raiſed, 10 acres of land cleared, 103 apple-trees planted, of the beſt ſorts; nigh unto which is a ſtream of water, running through ſaid land, whereon may be erected an over-ſhot mill, with as little coſt as moſt any place to be found. The woodland is exceeding well timbered, and the whole well watered. A clear undeniable deed for the ſame, the quit-rents coming due only excepted. For terms of ſale, apply to

ABRAHAM HAYTER, living on the premiſes.

*N. B.* The whole will be ſold together, or divided, ſo as to ſuit the purchaſer, from two to four hundred acres.

*June* 2, 1777. § 15s. 6w.

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*Philadelphia, June* 24, 1777.

## FIVE POUNDS Reward.

LAST night, or the night before, was broke open, a houſe belonging to the ſubſcriber, near the Falls of Schuylkill, out of which were ſtolen a feather bed, pieced with ticken of a different ſtripe, a ſmall matraſs, ſacking-bottom and cord, ſome pewter and ſtone diſhes and plates, an axe, quite new, with ſome ſmall articles not particularly remembered. Whoever diſcovers the thief or thieves, ſo that he or they ſhall be brought to juſtice, and the goods recovered, ſhall be entitled to the above reward.

TURBUTT FRANCIS.

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